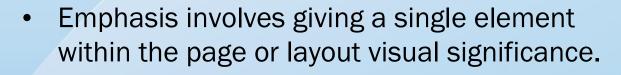


Objectives

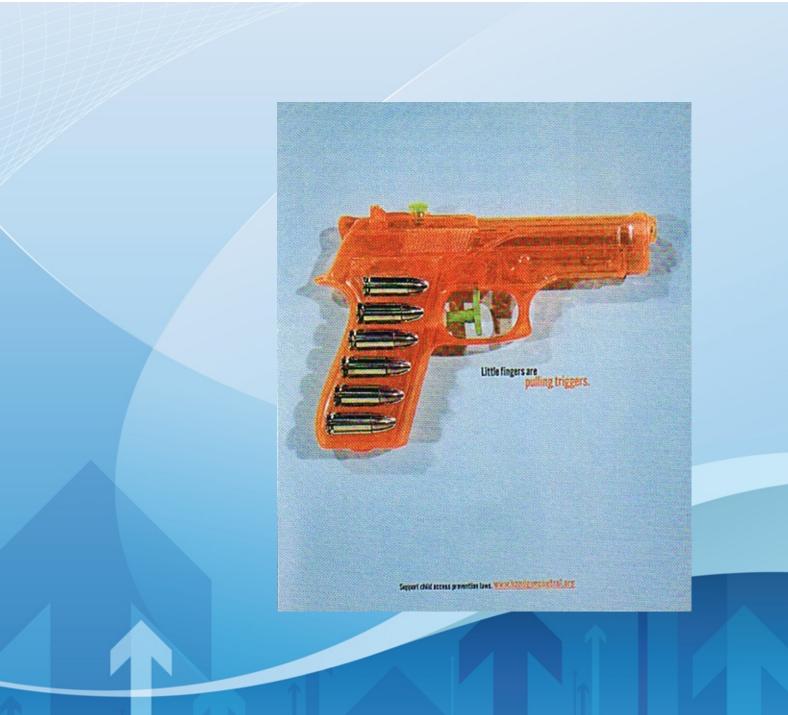
- → Appreciate the importance of the principle of emphasis.
- → Consider the effect of emphasis in a design.
- → Learn visual hierarchy and why using it improves designs.
- → Comprehend key emphasis techniques.

What is Emphasis?

The principle of emphasis states that the most important element on the page should be most prominent, the second most important element should be secondary in prominence and so on.



 It is the focal point of the layout, intended to catch the audience's attention and hold it.



Effective Use of Emphasis (1 of 2)

- → Determine what copy is most important.
- → Group related elements.
- → Visually stress the important information through emphasis techniques.

Effective Use of Emphasis (2 of 2)

Limit the use of emphasis—too much emphasis is as bad as no emphasis.



Why Use Emphasis?

- → Effective emphasis assists readers in identifying important information.
- → Pages with good emphasis are more visually interesting.

Visual Hierarchy

- → Before applying emphasis establish a visual hierarchy.
- Visual hierarchy is the arrangement of visual elements on the page according to their order of importance.
- → Designers use visual hierarchy to direct the reader's attention to key points, starting with the focal point.

Focal Points and Accents

- → The focal point is the visual element or part of a page that is most emphasized and catches the reader's eye first.
- → Secondary or tertiary focal points are called accents.

Visual Hierarchy Example (1 of 2)

→ This cookbook cover lacks visual hierarchy.

24th Annual Chili Cookoff

Winning Recipes Cookbook

"Better than the Best, Hottest of the Hot"

Visual Hierarchy Example (2 of 2)

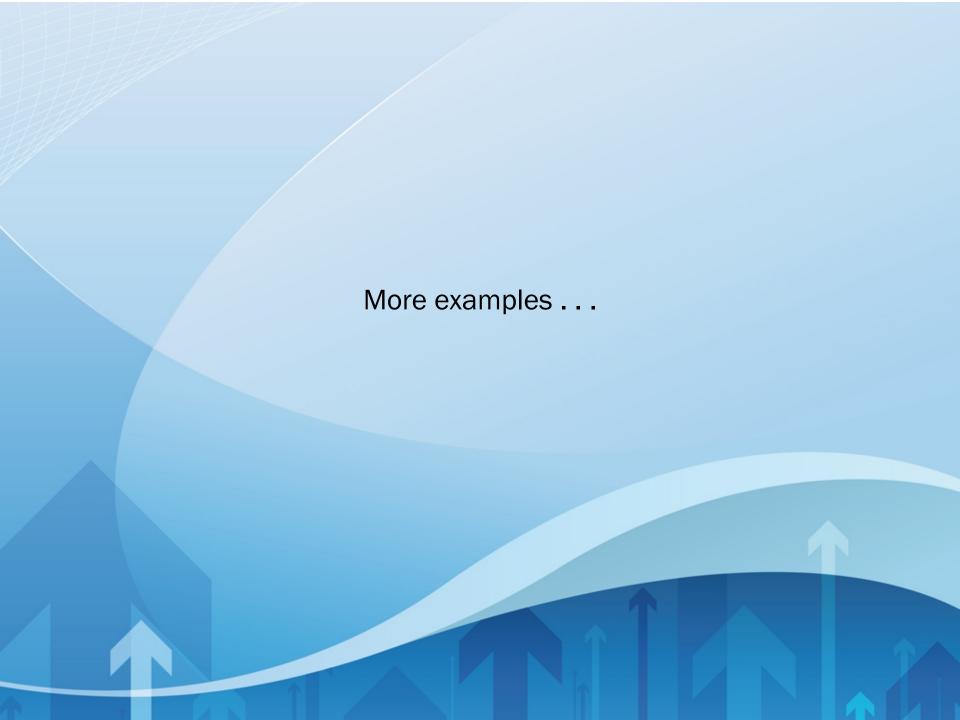
This cookbook cover uses visual hierarchy to highlight important points.

→ The logo is the primary focal point.

→ The "Winning Recipes Cookbook" is the secondary focal point—an accent.

The slogan type at bottom is the final accent.

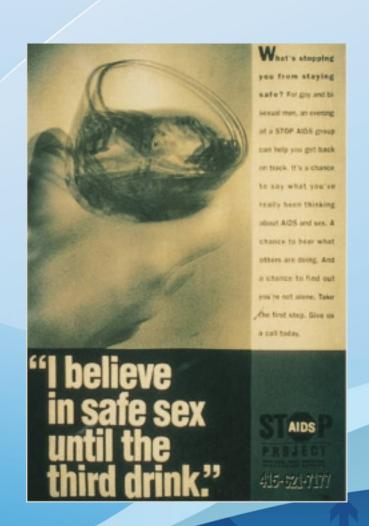




MOZART REQUIEM

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ENLARGE +



Emphasis Techniques: SIZE

Designers employ visual techniques to emphasize key elements and establish a strong visual hierarchy.

This is the most common tactic.

Some techniques are:

- Make the element biggest
- Make the element boldest

Emphasis Techniques: SIZE







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Emphasis Techniques: COLOR

- → Add a special visual effect to the element.
- Changing its color to make it different than other elements.
- Tilting it at an angle when other elements are horizontal.

Emphasis Techniques (4 of 4)

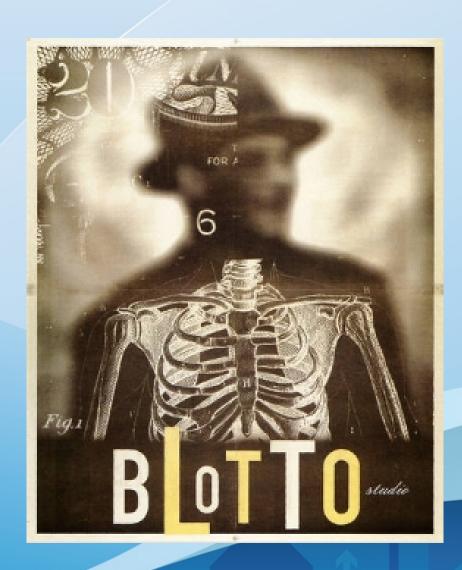
Adding color to one element emphasizes it and draws the reader's attention.

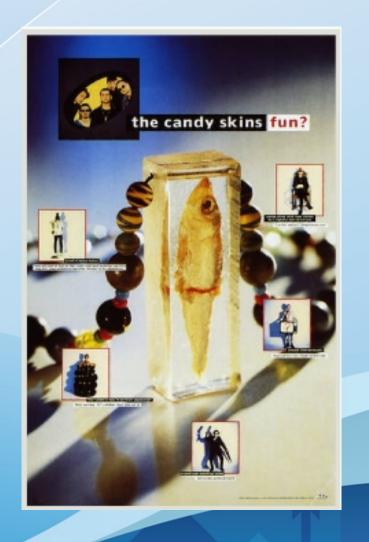




Emphasis Techniques: Selective Focus

Focus on one object while everything else is out of focus.







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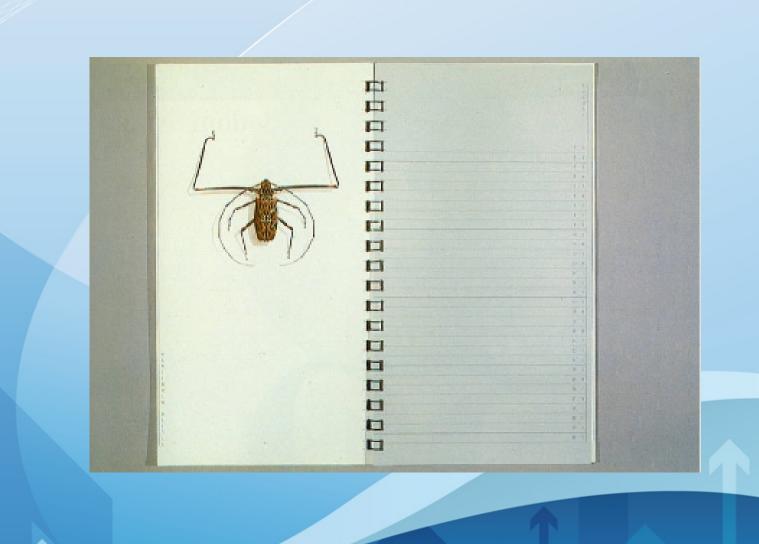
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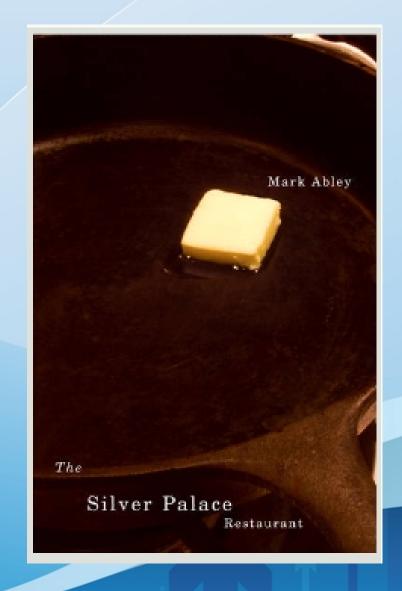
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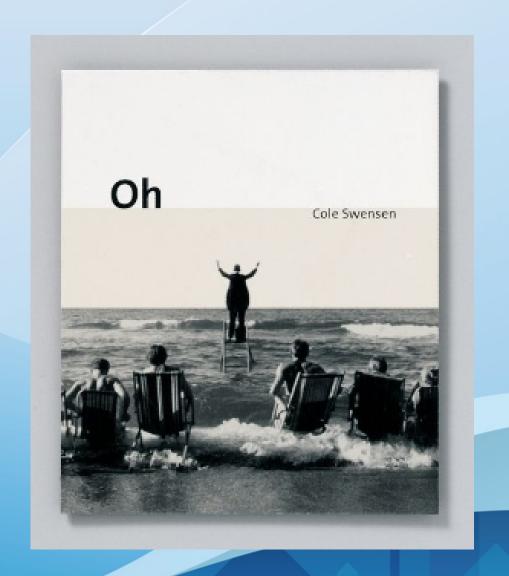
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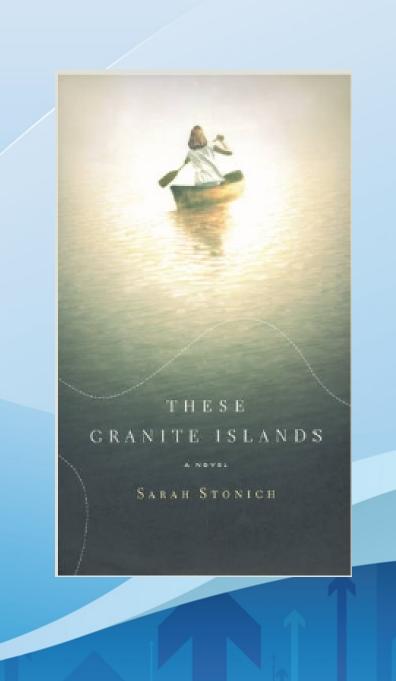
Emphasis Techniques: Isolation

One object singled out in space.









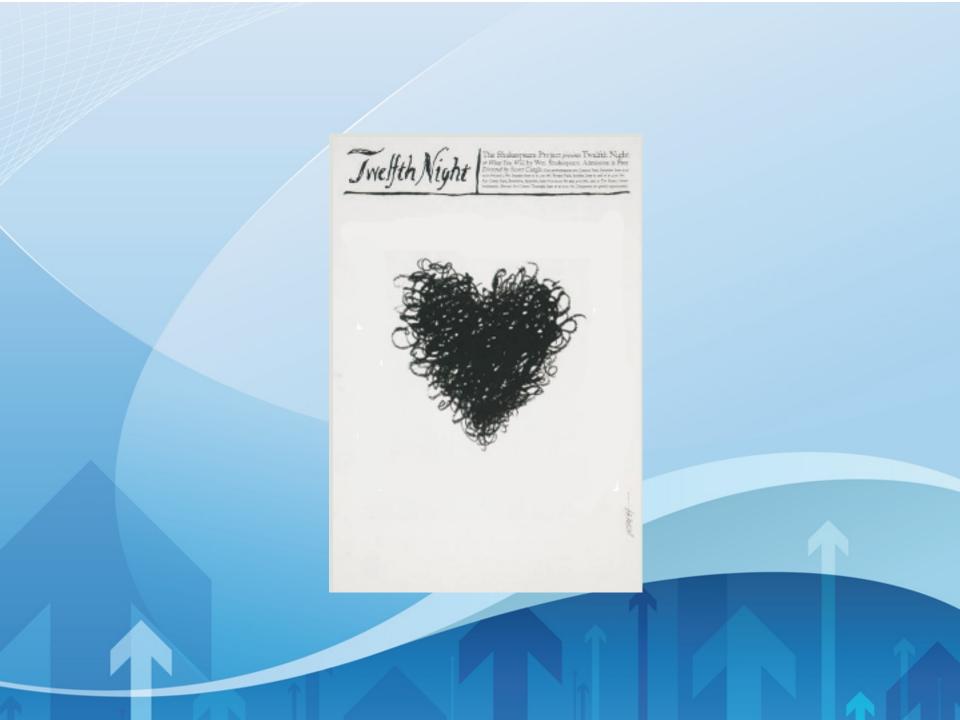


Emphasis Techniques: Odd Shapes

Odd shapes, borders, and edges will attract the eye giving it emphasis.

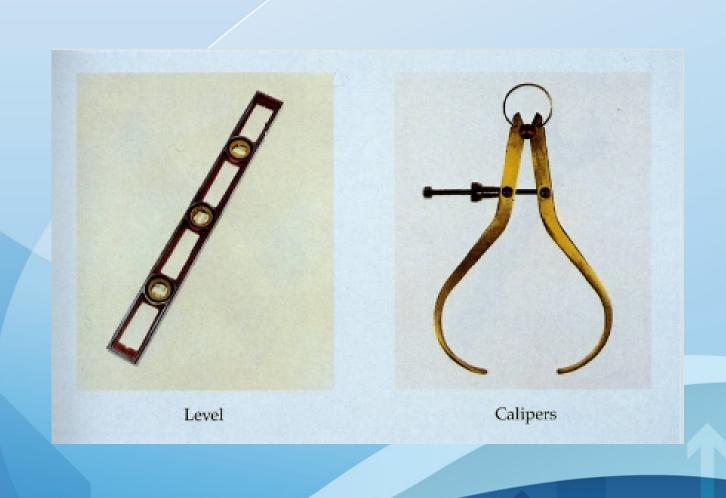


Introducing a new quarterly lifestyle magazine for FORBES subscribers. Th ership new magazine: before full of the most impor numbers excellent demograph ost to be seen. and large readership guarant We think of it as "The executive's guide to the good life."



Emphasis Techniques: Juxtaposition

Comparing objects side-by-side or close together, gives them both emphasis over other elements in your design.

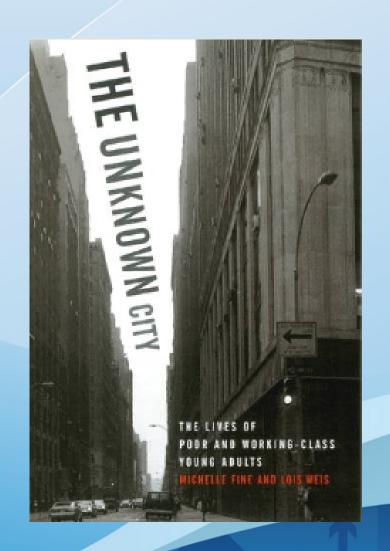




Emphasis Techniques: Contrast

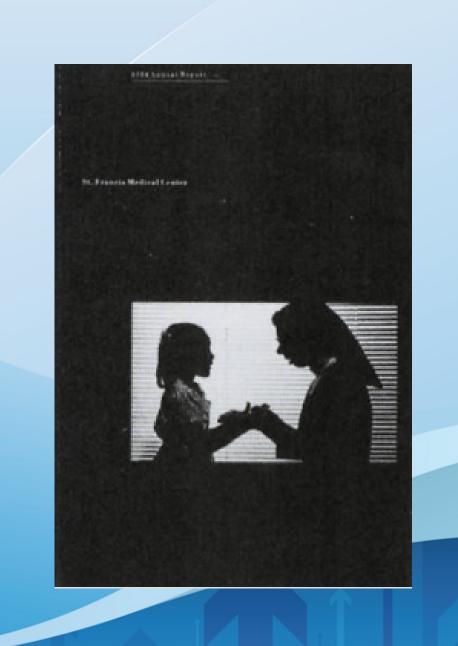
Dark against light, light against dark.











Emphasis Techniques: Surprise

The unexpected, something that gets attention by being different, unique or even down-right strange. The fish-out-of-water, will always attract attention, use this to your advantage. It is is fun and unique emphasis technique.



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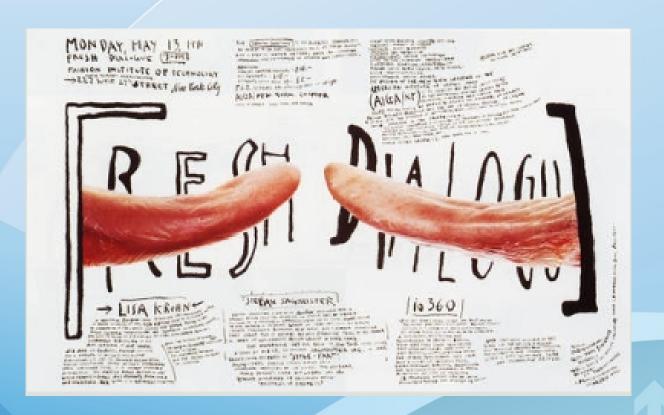
alone studies become and 10% brokets of fiction.

VIBRATIONS



YOUGHER, BUNDANC, 1986-19250.





Emphasis Example (1 of 3)

This page lacks emphasis, and consequently visual interest.

Careers in Visual Communication

The Visual Communication Profession

Visual communication is just one of many common terms referring to the graphic design community, such as graphic communication, commercial art, visual design, communication design, and communication arts. The profession is comprised of creative artists who plan, analyze, and style visual materials for communication purposes. These creative artists rely on personal expression as well as design, typography, and technical skills to create unique, communicative, and attractive communication materials for clients. Clients are motivated by a competitive marketplace to make their produces and services stand apart from the competition: visual communicators provide the creative services to fulfill that goal. Projects designed by visual communicators may be brochures, books, magazines, packaging, exhibitions, web pages, motion design, signage, multimedia presentations, and so on.

Visual Communication Specialties

There are many specialties within the visual communication discipline. More specialties evolve as technology provides us with more communication channels. At heart, however, all visual communication practitioners design projects that are incuded to inform, influence, entertain, direct, educate, persuade, sell, provide an experience, or serve as a reference. Some specialties include, but are not limited to, the following:

Graphic design Advertising
Packaging design Promotion design
Web design New Media
Information Design Illustration
Publication Design

Places of Employment.

Visual communicators work in all kinds and sizes of studios, organizations, firms, and corporations. Employment prospects range from one or two-person graphic design audios to large in-house design departments in multinational corporations. Freelancers (self-employed visual communicators) are represented in significant numbers in the profession. The following is only a partial list of possible employment prospects:

Graphic Design Firms
Advertising Agencies
Newspapers
Book Publishers
Organizations

Web Design Firms
Packaging Firms
Magazine Publishers
Corporations

Job Titles

The job titles held by individuals performing creative jobs vary according to their employer's established business model and levels of hierarchy. The specific tasks, for example, of an Art Director at one institution may be significantly different from another Art Director at another business. This list notes common titles.

Creative Director Art Director
Assistant Art Director
Graphic Designer
Hustrator
Production Artist
Art Associate
Art Associate
Senior Designer
Publication Designer
Hustrator
Art Associate
Art Associate
Intern

Emphasis Example (2 of 3)

- → Applying the principle of emphasis to this flyer results in a more attractive design.
- → Emphasizing the title makes it most important and adds visual interest.



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Information Design	Illustration	Publication Desig

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eative Director	Art Directo
nior Designer	Graphic De
istrator	Web Design
Associate	Assistant De

Director Assistant Art Director phic Designer Publication Designer b Designer Production Artist istant Designer Intern

Emphasis Example (3 of 3)

- Making the subheads bigger and a lighter color highlights important topics.
- → Placing listed items into three columns tightens up the composition, groups related elements, and opens up space to emphasize titles and subheads.

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Packaging Firms	Newspapers	Magazine Publisher
Book Bublishows	Companions	Occapiantions

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nior Designer	Graphic Designer	Publication Design
astrator	Web Designer	Production Artist
t Associate	Assistant Designer	Intern

Too Much of a Good Thing

Overuse of emphasis makes a page busy and visually confusing.



Summary

- Analyze the page's message and establish a visual hierarchy.
- Stick to the visual hierarchy to emphasize critical information.
- Effective emphasis assists in communication.
- Too much emphasis detracts from communication.